Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend the specification as follows:

[0025] The computer 110 may also include other removable/non-removable, volatile/nonvolatile computer storage media. By way of example only, FIG. 1 illustrates a hard disk drive [[140]] 141 that reads from or writes to non-removable, nonvolatile magnetic media, a magnetic disk drive 151 that reads from or writes to a removable, nonvolatile magnetic disk 152, and an optical disk drive 155 that reads from or writes to a removable, nonvolatile optical disk 156, such as a CD ROM or other optical media. Other removable/non-removable, volatile/nonvolatile computer storage media that can be used in the exemplary operating environment include, but are not limited to, magnetic tape cassettes, flash memory cards, digital versatile disks, digital video tape, solid state RAM, solid state ROM, and the like. The hard disk drive 141 is typically connected to the system bus 121 through a non-removable memory interface such as interface 140, and magnetic disk drive 151 and optical disk drive 155 are typically connected to the system bus 121 by a removable memory interface, such as interface 150.

[0026] The drives and their associated computer storage media discussed above and illustrated in FIG. 1, provide storage of computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules and other data for the computer 110. In FIG. 1, for example, hard disk drive 141 is illustrated as storing operating system 144, application programs 145, other program modules 146, and program data 147. Note that these components can either be the same as or different from operating system 134, application programs 135, other program modules 136, and program data 137. Operating system 144, application programs 145, other program modules 146, and program data 147 are given different numbers here to illustrate that, at a minimum, they are different copies. A user may enter commands and information into the computer [[20]] 110 through input devices such as a keyboard 162 and pointing device 161, commonly referred to as a mouse, trackball or touch pad. Other input devices (not shown) may include a microphone, joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are often connected to the processing unit 120 through a user input

interface 160 that is coupled to the system bus, but may be connected by other interface and

bus structures, such as a parallel port, game port or a universal serial bus (USB). A monitor

191 or other type of display device is also connected to the system bus 121 via an interface,

such as a video interface 190. In addition to the monitor, computers may also include other

peripheral output devices such as speakers 197 and printer 196, which may be connected

through an output peripheral interface 195.

[0053] If there is a post-handler delegate for the current node (616), that post-handler

is invoked (618). (The post-handler is applied either directly after the delegate invoked at 610

(in the case where the current node entry is exclusive), or after handling of the subtrees (in

the case where the current node entry is not exclusive)). After the post-handler delegate is

applied (or after it has been determined that there is no post-handler delegate), it is

determined whether the current node is the root of the top-level tree (620). If the current node

is the root of the top-level tree (e.g., node 302 in FIG. 3, or node "A" in FIG. 4), then the

process terminates. Otherwise, the process returns to its caller (622) (since, if the current

node is not the top level root, the process of FIG. 6 has been called recursively by a prior

instances of that process).